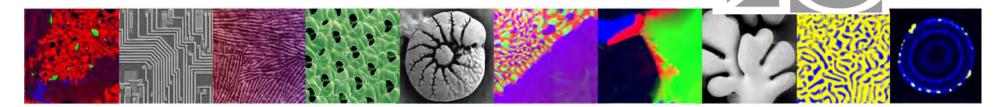
Automated particle analysis of aerosols formed during biomass combustion by SEM/EDXS

DI Stefan Mitsche

Austrian Centre for Electron Microscopy and Nanoanalysis

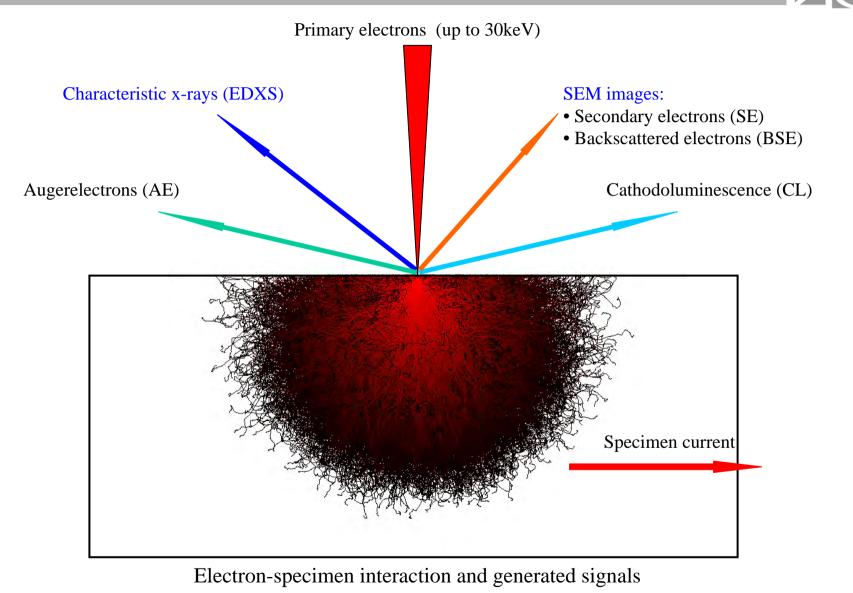




General information about SEM
Fundamentals of particle analysis
Principles of the automated particle analysis (APA)
APA of aerosols from biomass plants



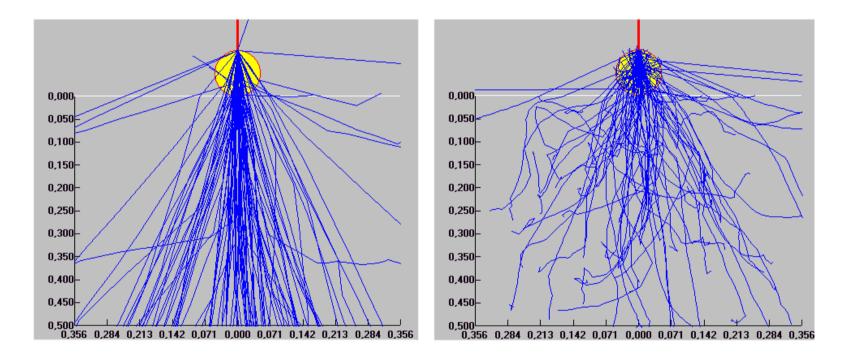
The Scanning electron microscope





The Scanning electron microscope

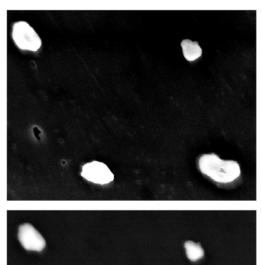


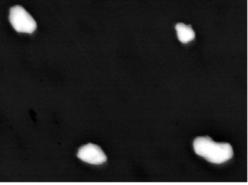


Monte Carlo simulations of electron scattering of an 100 nm particle of $PbCl_2$: left $E_0 = 20 \text{ keV}$ and right $E_0 = 7 \text{ keV}$

Experimental

- > pure chemicals (K_2SO_4 , $PbSO_4$ and $PbCl_2$) were ground in a ball mill
- ➤ suspended in pure sec-butanol
- \succ filtered through a 3 µm Nucleopore filter
- ➤ the filtrate was filtered through a 0.05 µm (Ccoated) Isopore poly-carbonate filter

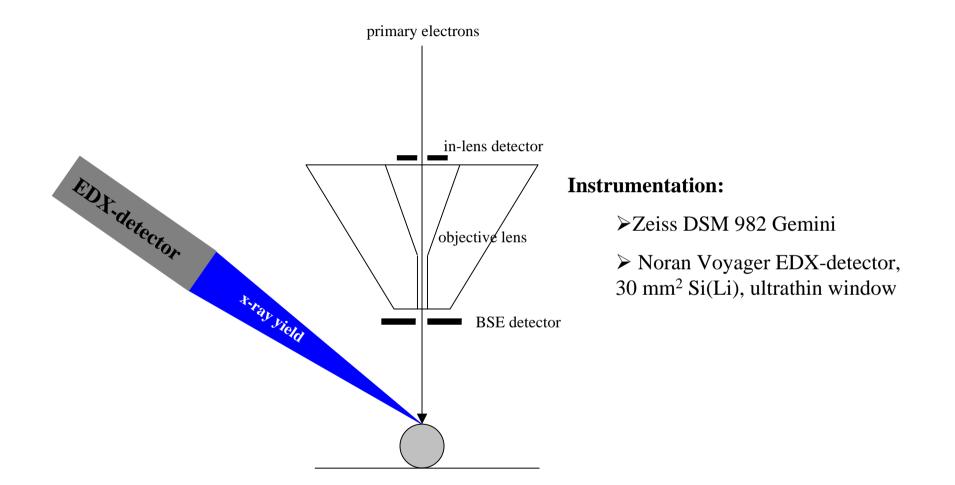




1 μm top: in-lens image (SEI); bottom: BSE image (BSE) PbSO₄-particles

The Scanning electron microscope

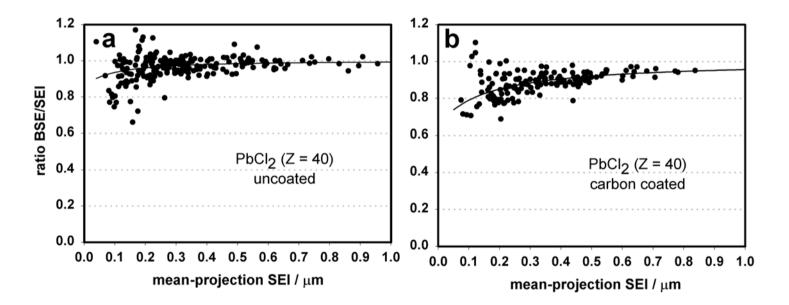








Size measurement

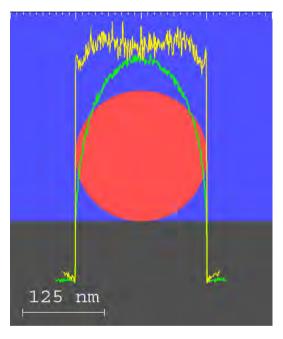


Influence of the coating of the particles on the measured particle size

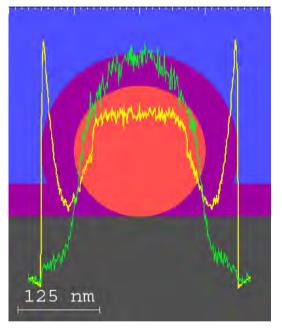




Size measurement



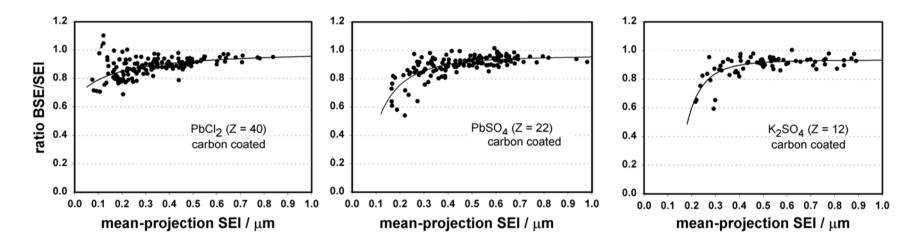
yellow: SEI-signal green: BSE-signal particle: PbCl₂ no coating acc. voltage: 7 keV



yellow: SI-signal green: BSE-signal particle: PbCl₂ carbon coating acc. voltage: 7 keV



Size measurement

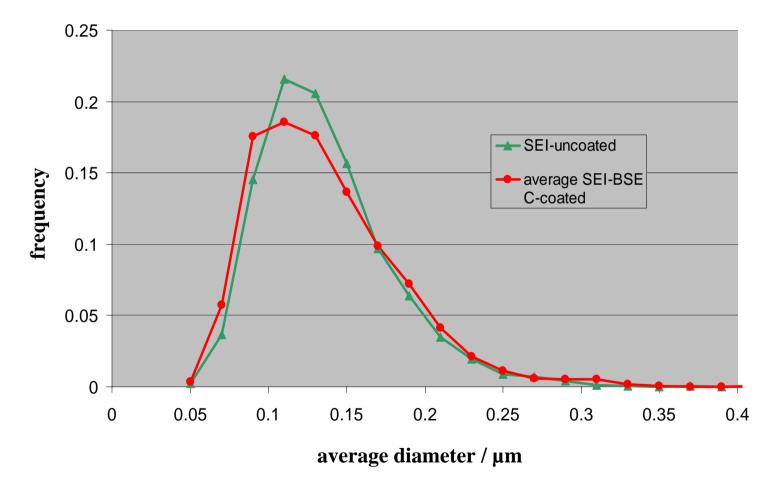


Influence of mean atomic number of the particles on the measured particle size





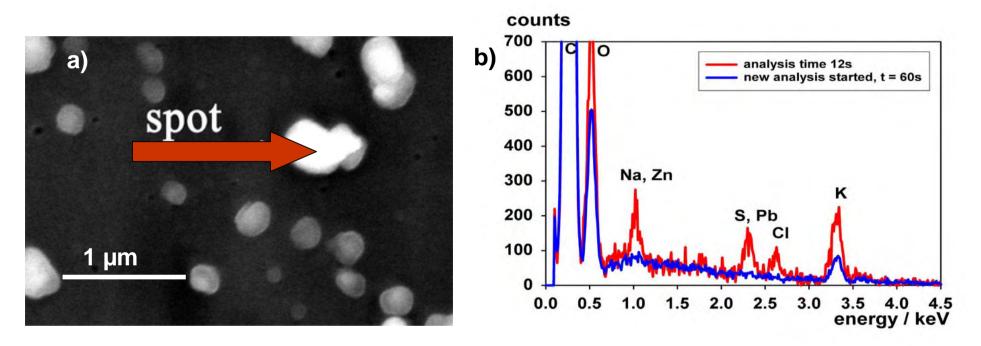
Size measurement







Chemical composition

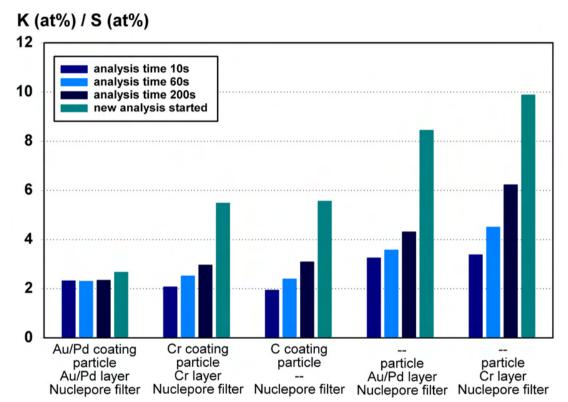


X-ray analysis of biomass fly ash particle ($E_0 = 7 \text{ keV}$, $I_p = 0.7 \text{ nA}$); a) image of particles with the analysis spot marked by a cross (SE – image) b) x-ray spectra

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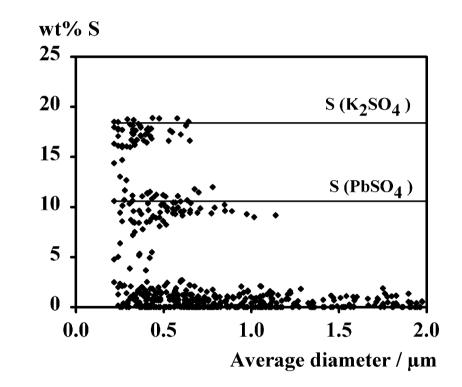
Chemical composition



 K_2SO_4 particles: measured ratio of K (at%) / S (at%), in dependence on both the type of the substrate and the coating (spot analysis, $E_0 = 7 \text{ keV}$, $I_p = 0.7 \text{ nA}$; spectra at 10s and 60s stored without any interruption; mean particle diameter: 400 nm)



Chemical composition

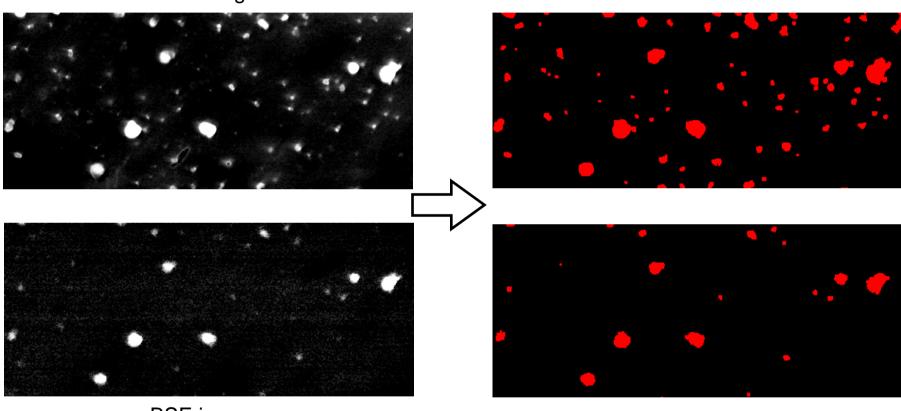


Automated analysis of standard particles: K_2SO_4 , $PbSO_4$ and $PbCl_2$



Principles of Automated Particle Analysis





SEI-image

BSE image

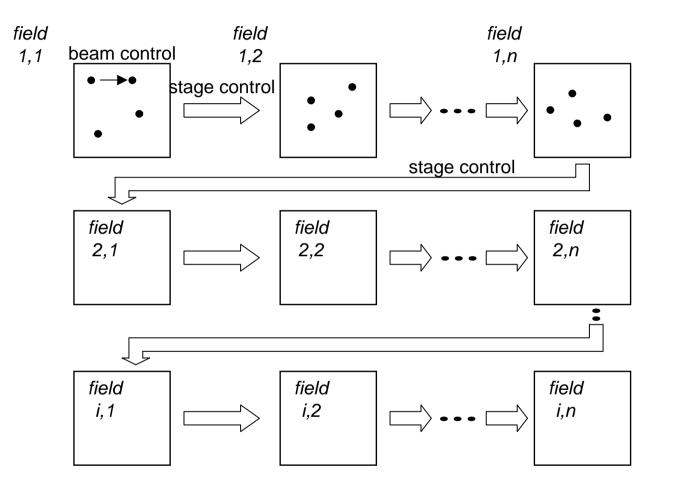
binary images

image width 3.8 μm



Principles of Automated Particle Analysis





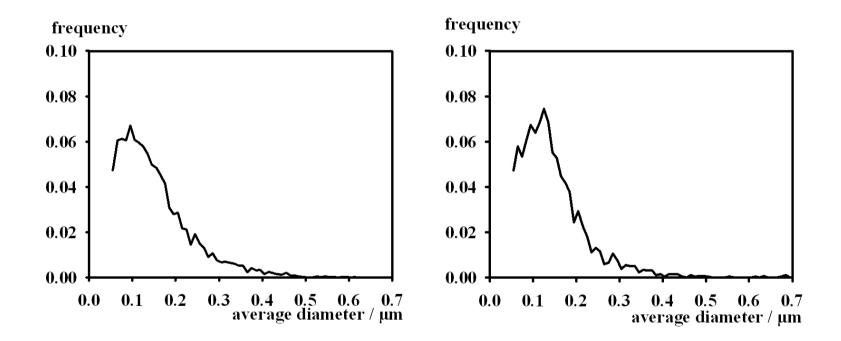
Scheme auf the automated particle analysis procedure





waste wood

bark



Size distribution of aerosols (fuel: waste wood, bark)





waste wood bark wt% Pb wt% Pb 60 60 . . 50 50 40 40 30 30 20 20 10 10 0 0 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.4 0.0 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 average diameter / μm 0.2 average diameter / µm wt% K wt% K 80 80 60 60 40 40 20 20 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 average diameter / μm 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 average diameter / µm

Concentrations of Pb and K in dependence on the diameter of the aerosols (fuel: waste wood, bark)

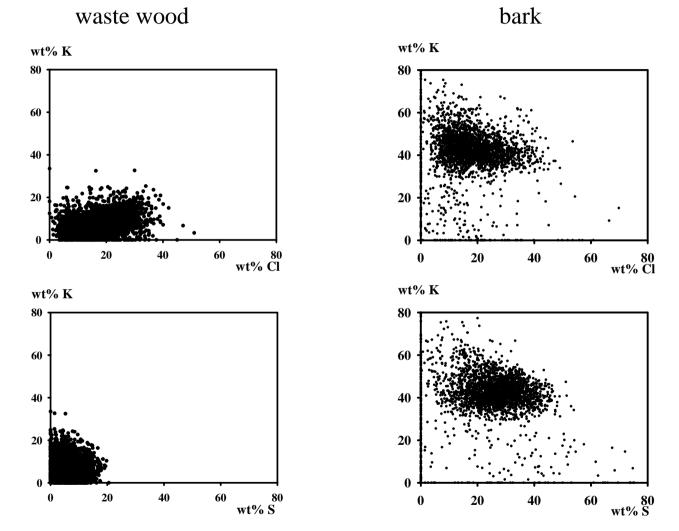


bark waste wood wt% Pb wt% Pb • • 50 60 wt% Cl 50 60 wt% Cl wt% Pb wt% Pb 50 60 wt% S 50 60 wt% S

Correlations between various elements for aerosols (fuel: waste wood, bark)



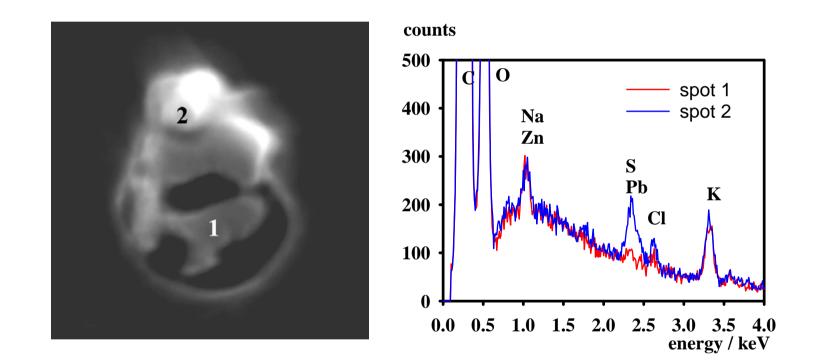




Correlations between various elements for aerosols (fuel: waste wood, bark)







SE-image (image width: 0.29 μm) of an aerosol particle (left) and the EDXS – spectra (right) at the 2 spots marked in the image

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>If only the particle size is of interest, uncoated particles and the use of the in-lens detector is recommended.

➢ In case of carbon coated particles the average of the sizes obtained from images of the in-lens and the BSE-detector have to be used

➤ Automated analysis of aerosols with SEM/EDXS is possible down to particle diameters of about 50 -100 nm depending on the chemical composition



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