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DANISH ECODESIGN MARKET SURVEILLANCE 2023 PRESENTED AT THE IEA TASK 32 SIDE EVENT AT THE PROGETTO FOUCO TRADE FAIR THURSDAY THE 29 FEBRUARY 2024

Ecodesign EU 2015 1185 and Energy labeling 1186 legal frameworks

jsa@teknologisk.dk

DANISH ECODESIGN MARKET SURVEILLANCE



Publication of the invitation to submit tenders	9 th June 2022			
Deadline for submission of tenders	22 th June 2022			
Expected date of contract signing	28 th June 2022			
Results of the first measurement round	September 2023			
All results ready	Q2 2024			
Publication of report	?			



15 LOG WOOD STOVES REQUESTED FROM INDUSTRY 13 FREE-STANDING STOVES AND 2 INSET APPLIANCES

	Solid fuled local space	
Case number	heater - Type	Control options
PRT-01-002295	Freestanding appliance	One control: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002297	Freestanding appliance	Single control on front
PRT-01-002302	Freestanding appliance	Two controls: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002300	Freestanding appliance	One control: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002304	Inset appliance	One control: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002435	Freestanding appliance	One control: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002431	Freestanding appliance	One control: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002427	Freestanding appliance	Two controls: primary and secondary air (+tertiary)
PRT-01-002429	Freestanding appliance	Two controls: primary and secondary air (+tertiary)
PRT-01-002417	Freestanding appliance	One control: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002419	Freestanding appliance	Two controls: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002421	Freestanding appliance	Two controls: primary (automatic) and secondary air (+tertiary)
PRT-01-002433	Inset appliance	One control: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002425	Freestanding appliance	One control: primary and secondary air
PRT-01-002423	Freestanding appliance	Two controls: primary (for coal) and secondary air (+tertiary)

Control criteria: Declared values + ecodesign tolerances renders as "Pass"

The verification tolerances are:

- Efficiency, no more that 5% (units) below DC
- PM emission, no more than 20 mg higher than DC
- OGC emission, no more than 35 mg higher than DC
- CO emission, no more than 275 mg higher than DC
- NOx emission, no more than 30 mg higher than DC



TERMS

- The stoves were selected from randomly from stoves available on the Danish market
- The manufacturer was requested to make a specific stove available for market surveillance measurments
- The manufacturer was offered possibility to give detailled written instructions on fuelling and operation

- The lab had as product documentation:
 - the Operators Instructions,
 - the Declaration of Conformity (DoC)
 - Ecodesign technical information (table 1)
 - the extended fueling and operating instructions by the manufacturer.
- During the first measuremet round, there were no representatives present from the manufacturers
- Any extra test work was at the expense of the manufacturer



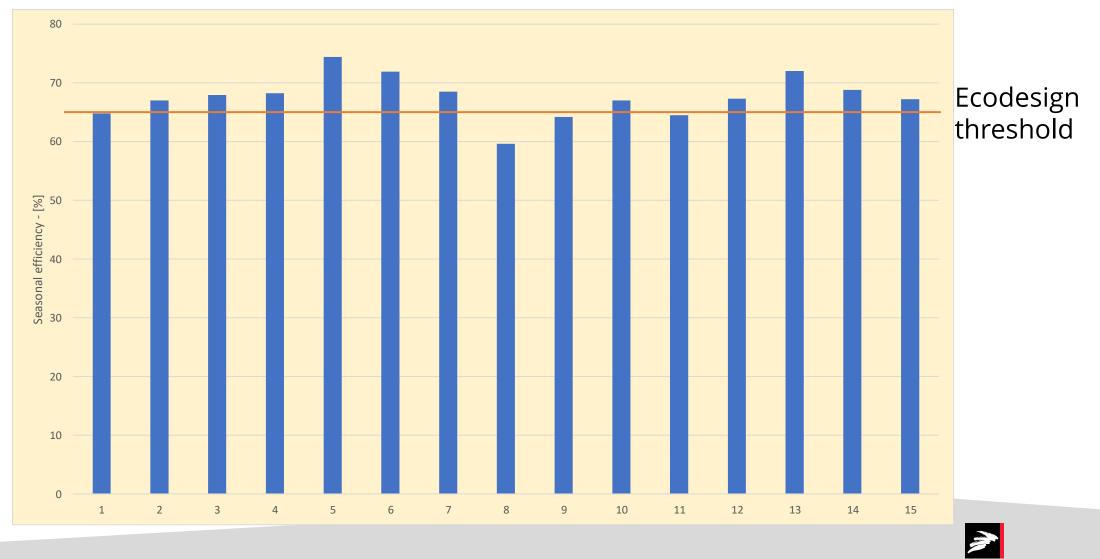
CONTOL TEST RESULTS

Efficiency at nominal	Seasonal	Energy	Heat	CO	PM	NOx	OGC	
heat output 🛛 🗾	efficiency 🗾	efficiency cla	output 🗾	emission	emission 🗾	emission 🗾	emission 🗾	Conformity?
74,8	64,8	А	6,2	852	16	102	40	No
77,0	67,0	А	4,9	1255	55	87	132	No
77,9	67,9	А	6,5	951	19	87	79	Yes
78,2	68,2	А	6,8	1649	73	75	179	No
84,4	74,4	A+	15,4	1034	34	88	108	No
81,9	71,9	A+	6,1	1277	13	90	86	Yes
78,5	68,5	А	6,4	892	32	98	105	No
69,6	59,6	А	6,2	1630	17	89	145	No
74,2	64,2	А	8,5	1025	6	97	76	No
76,5	67,0	А	4,8	1332	22	104	191	No
74,5	64,5	А	6,3	1117	16	85	85	Yes
77,3	67,3	А	6,8	2148	29	93	208	No
81,9	72,0	A+	6,9	747	25	88	88	Yes
78,8	68,8	A+	5,8	802	15	98	79	No
77,2	67,2	А	5,2	2153	15	92	257	No

11 manufacturers had declares specific performance values4 manufacturers had declares relative to the Ecodesign thresholds

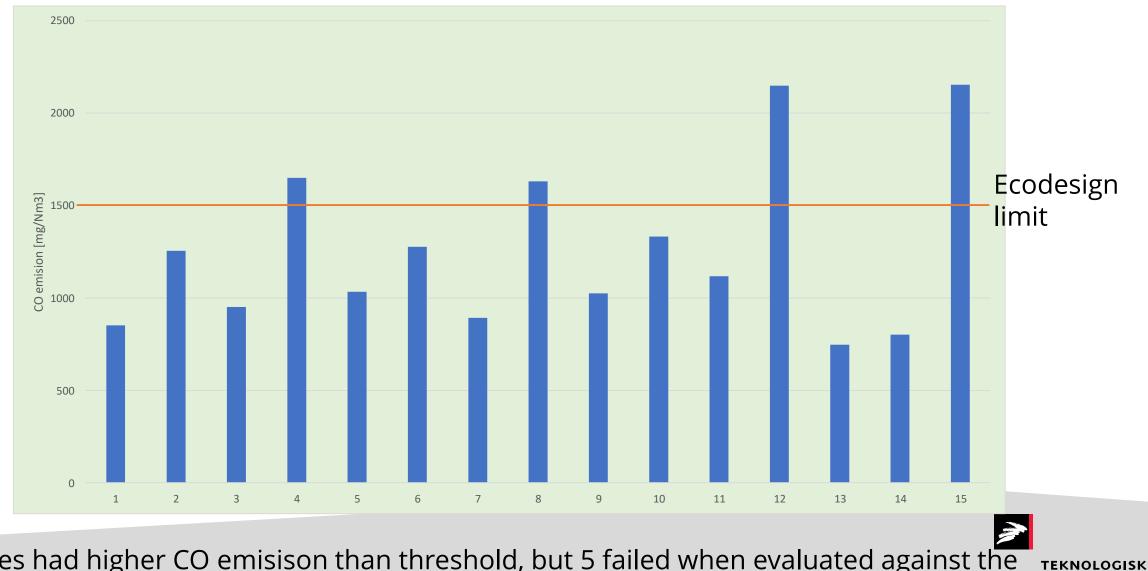


SEASONAL EFFICIENCY



Only 4 stoves had lower efficiency than the threshold, 2 when evaluated as an integer

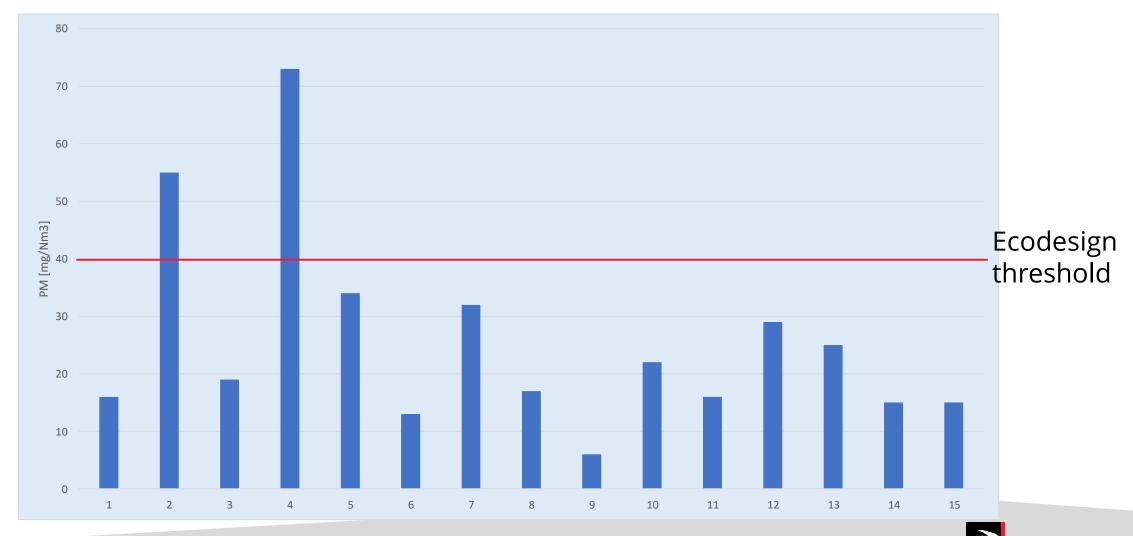
EMISSION OF CO



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4 stoves had higher CO emisison than threshold, but 5 failed when evaluated against the declared value

PM HF EMISSION

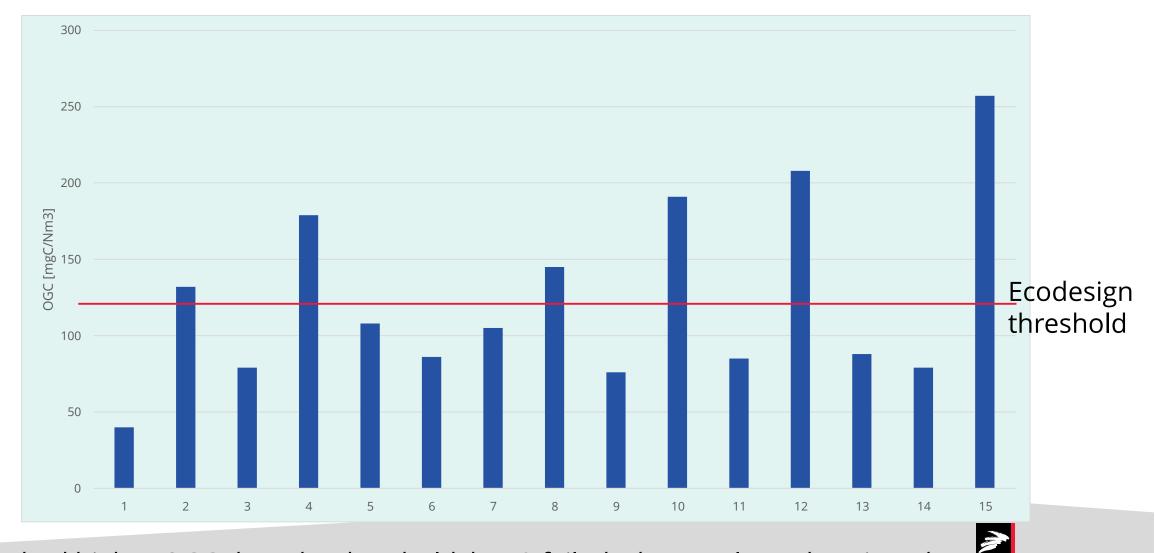


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Only 2 stoves had higher PM than the treshold, but 3 failed when evaluated against the declared value

EMISSION OF OGC

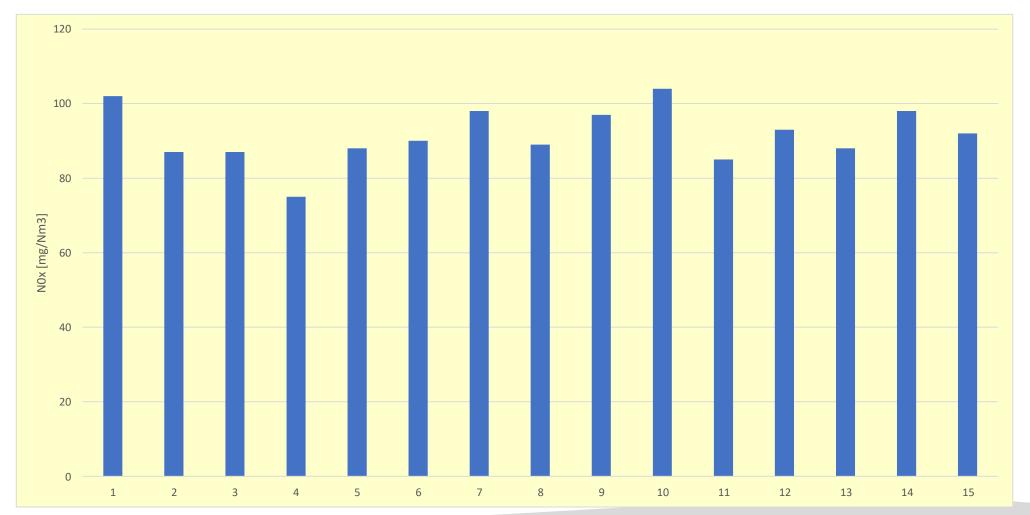


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6 stoves had higher OGC than the threshold, but 9 failed when evaluated against the declared value

EMISSION OF NOX



No stoves had higher NOx than the threshold (200mg), but 1 failed when evaluated against the declared value



OUTCOME OF THE FIRST ROUND

- 11 out of 15 stoves failed on one or more parameters
- 4 stoves were never in danger because the manufacturer had declated relative to the thresholds
- 5 stoves had solved their non compliance by resetting the declared values to those measured
- 6 stoves opted for retesting with presence of a staff member from the manufacturer

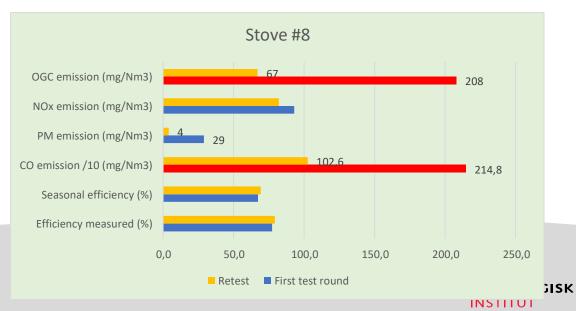


RESULTS FROM THE SECOND ROUND







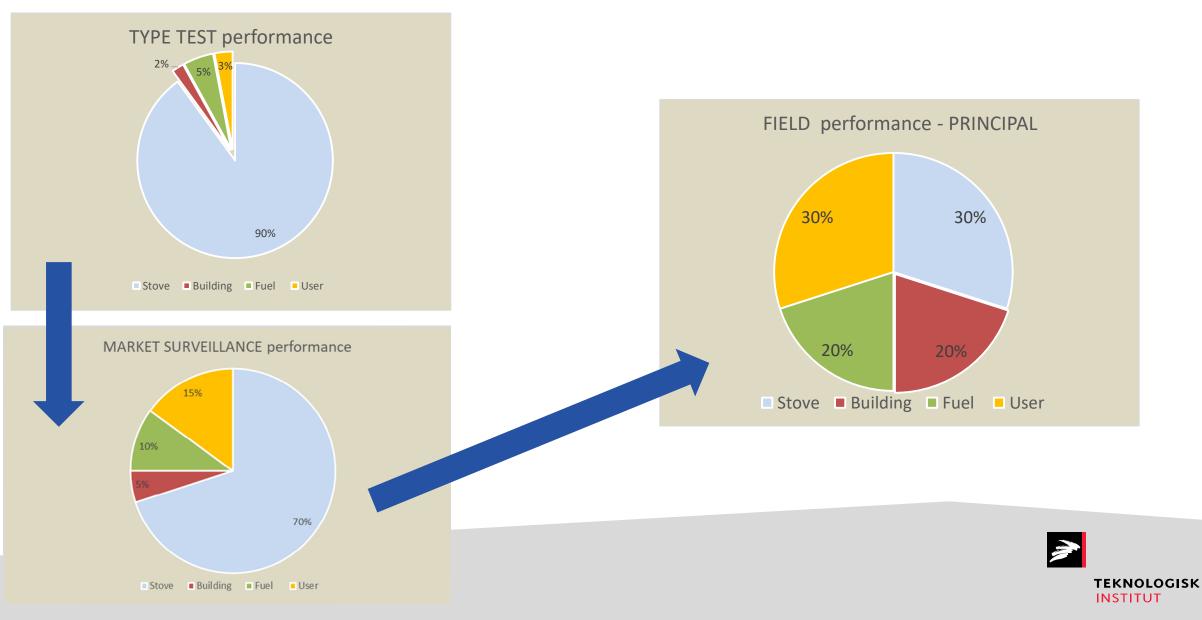


CLOSE UP LOOK AT ONE STOVE

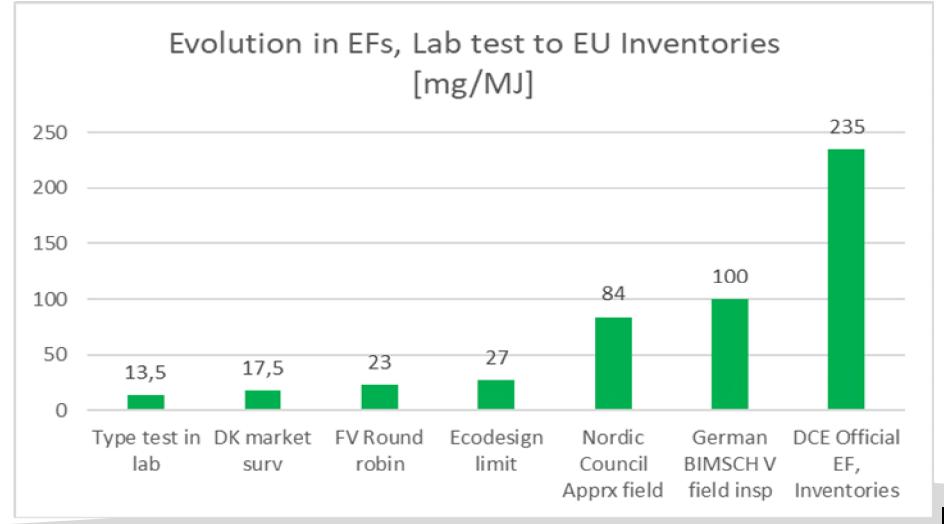


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FACTORS INFLUENCING STOVE PERFORMACE



EVOLUTION IN EFs LAB TO FIELD



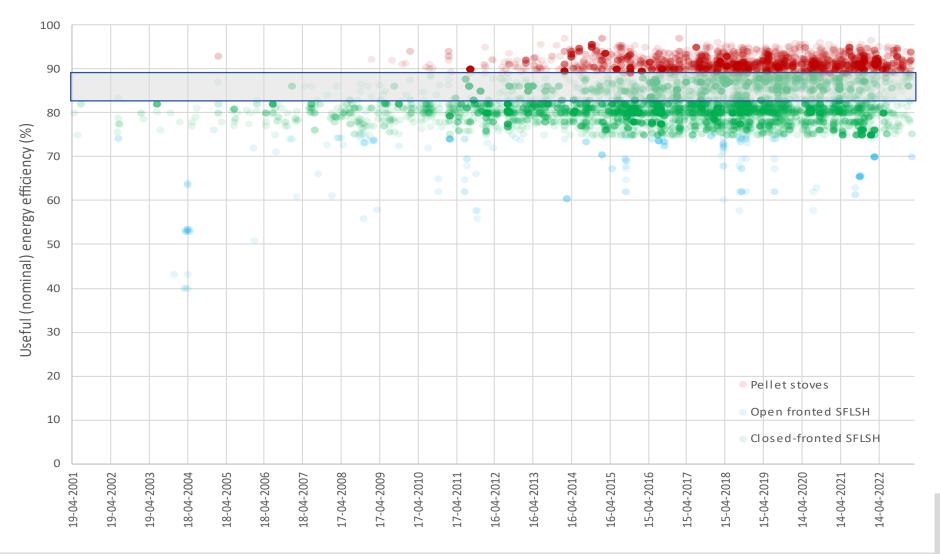
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FINDINGS

- POOR REPRODUCIBILITY OF BATCH OPERATED STOVES PERFORMACE
- THE CURRENT EN16510 TESTING APPROACH OFFERS A HIGH DEGREE OF FLEXIBILITY
- THERE ARE STONG INDICATIONS THAT THE HUGE VARIABILITY IN PERFORMANCE CONSUMES ALL OF THE ECODESIGN VERIFICATION TOLERANCES
- INTENSIVE MARKET SURVEILLANCE IS A MUST
- IT IS PROBLEMATIC HAVING DUAL REGULATION OF THE WOOD STOVE, CPR AND ECODESIGN WITH DIFFERENT CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT LEVELS
- THERE IS AN URGENT NEED OF MAKING BATCH OPERATED WOOD COMBUSTION MORE
 ROBUST AGAINST MISUSE OR POOR OPERATION PRACTICES



EPREL DATA ON USEFUL EFFICIENCY



There are 13710 post in EPREL in total

They descend from approximately 3400 unique tests

Pellets stoves has 89% efficiency as a minimum

There are not many wood stoves having more than 82-83% efficiency

